# CAMBODIA

### Partnering to End AIDS as a Public Health Threat

2018





### Total PEPFAR Investment (FY 2004-2017): \$190,569,000

The U.S. government, through PEPFAR, is proud to partner with the people and Government of Cambodia to end AIDS as a public health threat by 2030. In Fiscal Year 2018, with a focus on four high-burden provinces, the partnership includes the following priorities:

- Supporting the Government of Cambodia to pursue sustainable financing by developing and implementing a national HIV Sustainability Strategy
- Mobilizing greater domestic resources for HIV-related commodities and services
- Improving the efficiency and effectiveness of available resources for HIV to increase impact
- Strengthening national systems for case finding to identify 6,000 undiagnosed people living with HIV and link them to treatment
- Improving case finding approaches, including providerinitiated testing and counseling and index case testing, using rapid recency testing in routine clinical practice, and supporting community-based activities that find new cases through social networking, contact tracing, and other targeted approaches
- Increasing the use of granular data to rapidly identify and respond to new infections and programmatic gaps across the cascade

#### PEPFAR Results in Cambodia<sup>1</sup>

(through September 2017)



Antiretroviral treatment for 17,614 people



HIV testing services for 212,527 people

¹data.pepfar.net

## HIV/AIDS Epidemic in Cambodia<sup>2</sup> (end of 2016)

Number of people living with HIV	71,000
Number of new HIV infections in 2016	<1,000
Number of AIDS-related deaths in 2016	1,800
People living with HIV who know their status	N/A
People who know their status and are on ART	N/A
People on ART who have achieved viral suppression	N/A

